議論:海陸の3次元比抵抗モデリングにおけるメッシュデザインについて 市原 寛(名古屋大学)、多田訓子(海洋研究開発機構)

Discussion: mesh design in 3-D resistivity modeling with marine and land magnetotelluric

data

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Abstract

Developments of 3-D inversion method for magnetotelluric impedances in this 10 years enabled convenient estimation of 3-D resistivity distribution in the earth (e.g. WSINV3D by Siripunvaraporn et al., 2005; ModEM by Egbert and Kelbert, 2012). Because these modeling approaches generally approximate the earth into discretized cuboid blocks, definition of the block size and computation region strongly affect the precision of MT impedance especially when model include topography and bathymetry (seawater). Therefore, appropriate block designs should be discussed sufficiently. In particular, following points should be discussed; (1) how far the distribution of seawater needs to be incorporated outside of the observation area, (2) how much block size can be reduced especially in the vicinity of the observation site. In the poster presentation in the 2018 (2017FY) Conductivity Anomaly workshop, we showed a forward modeling results of the simple topography and bathymetry models to discuss above points among the CA community (Fig. 1). We used the forward code of Tada et al. (2012) for the calculations of MT impedances. The code adopted staggered grid finite difference method, which was known as a general calculation method for MT responses of 3-D resistivity structure.

Acknowledgment

We are grateful for the useful discuss with participants of the workshop. Generic Mapping Tools software (Wessel and Smith, 1998) was used to draw figures and graphs.

References

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Fig. 1 A part of the poster presented in the Conductivity Anomaly workshop